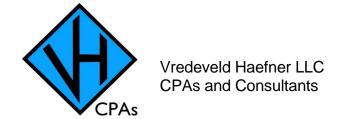


# City of Whitehall, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

FINANCIAL SECTION	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-9
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	11
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	12-13
Fund Financial Statements	12-13
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds	• •
to the Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	15
Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund	21 22
Combining Statement of Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units	23
Combining Statement of Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units	23 24
Notes to the Financial Statements	25-44
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Major Streets Fund Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Changes in Employers Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer Contributions Retiree Health Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in Employers Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer Contributions Notes to Required Supplementary Information	45-46 47 48 49 50 51 51
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	53 54
Component Units	
Tax Increment Finance Authority  Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position	55
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	55
Balances/Statement of Activities	56
Local Development Finance Authority	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position	57
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances/Statement of Activities	58

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>PAGE</u>
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position	59
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
· · ·	
Balances/Statement of Activities	60
OPERATING STATISTICS (Unaudited)	
Schedule of operating statistics	62-63
Comparative operating statistics – water and sewer system	64-65



# Vredeveld Haefner LLC

CPAs and Consultants 10302 20<sup>th</sup> Avenue Grand Rapids, MI 49534 Fax (616) 828-0307 Douglas J. Vredeveld, CPA (616) 446-7474 Peter S. Haefner, CPA (616) 460-9388

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 13, 2021

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Whitehall, Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whitehall, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whitehall, Michigan, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 and the other information on pages 45 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Whitehall, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedules of operating statistics are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules of operating statistics have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Urodowld Haefner LLC

# **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the City of Whitehall, we offer readers of the City of Whitehall's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

# **Financial Highlights**

- Eliminated \$120,000 in capital expenditures and all but necessary education expenditures.
- Transferred additional revenues from TIFA.
- Cost of living increase was not implemented for non-union employees.
- Funding for MATS was eliminated.
- Street improvements were completed on East and West Collier, Carlton, and Country Club streets and portions of Benston, Alice, Baldwin and Mohawk streets.
- Water improvements were also completed on West Collier.
- · Building is continuing on Tannery Bay.
- A due care reimbursement of \$300,000 was made to Eastbrook Homes.
- North Mears parking lot improvements were nearly completed.
- The Playhouse was gearing up for the summer season.
- Water and sewer rates were increased by 5% in January 2021.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Whitehall's financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences, net pension liability, accrued interest, etc.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Whitehall that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works including major and local street construction and maintenance, health and sanitation, community and economic development, culture and recreation, and debt service activities. The business-type activities of the City include sewer system, water supply and distribution, marina and the playhouse.

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Whitehall (the *primary government*) as well as the legally separate Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA), a legally separate Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA), and a legally separate Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (BRA) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information for the primary government.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Whitehall, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general and street improvement funds which are considered to be major funds.

Data is combined into a single aggregated presentation for the other governmental funds. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* and schedules.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for the majors fund have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water, marina, and playhouse operations. An *Internal service fund* is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses its internal service fund, the Motor Pool, to charge the costs of equipment used to the individual funds. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer, water, and playhouse operations, each of which is considered to be a major fund of the City. The City's internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements in the Internal Service column.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. This includes this management discussion and analysis, budget and actual comparisons for the major funds, and the pension and OPEB schedules.

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Whitehall, assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,868,814 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's net position reflects unrestricted net position which is available for future operations while a significant portion of net position is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Summary of Net Position**

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities T						
	2021	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020	
Current and other assets	\$3,453,166	\$3,764,298	\$ 2,840,092	\$ 2,992,203	\$ 6,293,258	\$ 6,756,501	
Capital assets	6,985,915	6,095,430	12,301,980	12,587,357	19,287,895	18,682,787	
Total assets	10,439,081	9,859,728	15,142,072	15,579,560 25,581,153		25,439,288	
Deferred outflows	343,635	231,002	133,637	89,834	477,272	320,836	
Current liabilities	221,116	468,961	483,827	286,791	704,943	755,752	
Long-term liabilities	1,941,787	2,498,521	1,107,952	1,997,817	3,049,739	4,496,338	
Total liabilities	2,162,903	2,967,482	1,591,779	2,284,608	3,754,682	5,252,090	
Deferred inflows	313,634	50,463	121,295	18,951	434,929	69,414	
Net position							
Net investment in							
capital assets	6,816,731	5,840,753	11,059,980	10,962,357	17,876,711	16,803,110	
Restricted	1,209,741	1,451,301	-	-	1,209,741	1,451,301	
Unrestricted	279,707	(219,269)	2,502,655	2,403,478	2,782,362	2,184,209	
Total net position	\$8,306,179	\$7,072,785	\$13,562,635	\$13,365,835	\$21,868,814	\$20,438,620	

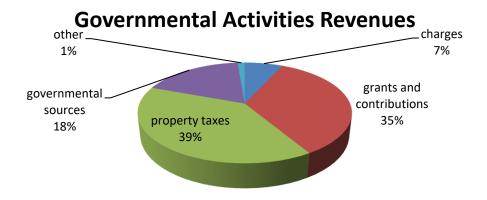
Net position of the City increased by \$1,430,194. The business-type activities increased its net position by \$196,800, which was primarily the result of capital contributions received for playhouse construction. The governmental activities increased its net position by \$1,233,394.

**Summary of Activities** 

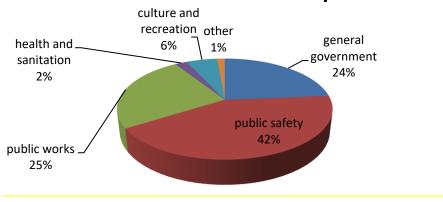
	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2020		
Revenue								
Program revenue								
Charges for services	\$ 272,414	\$ 220,374	\$2,052,888	\$2,171,029	\$2,325,302	\$2,391,403		
Operating grants and								
contributions	493,258	491,812	205,693	194,608	698,951	686,420		
Capital grants and								
contributions	879,029	39,392	326,943	481,258	1,205,972	520,650		
General revenue								
Property taxes	1,560,397	1,493,155	-	-	1,560,397	1,493,155		
Other governmental sources	719,302	708,910	-	-	719,302	708,910		
Other	51,893	146,567	-	-	51,893	146,567		
Total revenue	3,976,293	3,100,210	2,585,524	2,846,895	6,561,817	5,947,105		
Expenses								
General government	656,293	708,914	-	-	656,293	708,914		
Public safety	1,167,965	1,216,655	-	-	1,167,965	1,216,655		
Public works	687,427	960,234	-	-	687,427	960,234		
Health and sanitation	59,757	75,897	-	-	59,757	75,897		
Community and economic	00.540	40.004			00.540	10.004		
development Culture and recreation	28,516 152,673	43,691 129,044	-	-	28,516 152,673	43,691 129,044		
Interest	9,413	11,118	_	-	9,413	11,118		
Sewer	9,413	11,110	1,180,889	1,341,199	1,180,889	1,341,199		
Water	_	-	704,432	754,790	704,432	754,790		
Marina	_	_	148,658	216,507	148,658	216,507		
Playhouse	_	_	335,600	404,456	335,600	404,456		
Total expenses	2,762,044	3,145,553	2,369,579	2,716,952	5,131,623	5,862,505		
Transfers	19,145	2,518	(19,145)	(2,518)	3,131,023	3,002,303		
		-			4 420 404	04.000		
Increase in net position	1,233,394	(42,825)	196,800	127,425	1,430,194	84,600		
Net position-beginning of year	7,072,785	7,115,610	13,365,835	13,238,410	20,438,620	20,354,020		
Net position-end of year	\$8,306,179	\$7,072,785	\$13,562,635	\$13,365,835	\$21,868,814	\$20,438,620		

**Governmental Activities.** During the year the City invested \$1,167,965 or 42% of governmental activities expenses in public safety. Public works was \$687,427 or 25% of governmental activities expenses while general government, health and sanitation, culture and recreation, and community and economic development and interest on long-term debt made up the remaining 33% of governmental activities expenses.

**Business-type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$196,800 for the current year. By comparison, business-type activities reported an increase in net position the previous fiscal year of \$127,425.



# **Governmental Activities Expenses**



# Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City's *governmental funds is* to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,631,389, a decrease of \$78,415 in comparison with the prior year. Of the \$2,631,389, \$967,808 is reported in the general fund. The remaining amount of fund balance is reported in various funds as assigned or restricted for certain uses such as street construction and maintenance, cemetery operations, building inspections, and various capital projects.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$781,742. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 31.9% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.

The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$4,988 during the current fiscal year.

The fund balance of the major streets fund increased \$164,545 primarily due to delays of some projects and accumulation of funds for futures projects.

The fund balance of the street improvements fund decreased \$224,633 primarily due to the costs of the various improvements paid by the fund.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the sewer and water funds at the end of the year amounted to \$763,373 and \$1,185,742, respectively. The sewer fund had a decrease in net position for the year of \$11,917 while the water fund had an increase of \$45,570. The playhouse fund ended the year with unrestricted net position of \$448,875. Overall the fund net position increased \$172,976, however the increase consisted of capital contributions. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounted to \$19,287,895 (net of accumulated depreciation).

The City's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) are summarized as follows:

	Capital Assets		
Land Construction in Progress	Governmental <u>Activities</u> \$1,059,728 891,141	Business-type Activities \$ 453,097 5,598	Total \$ 1,512,825 896,739
Buildings, Equipment and Infrastructure	5,035,046	11,843,285	16,878,331
Total	\$6,985,915	\$12,301,980	\$19,287,895

Additional information on the City of Whitehall capital assets can be found in Note 5 of these financial statements.

**Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonds, leases and notes payable outstanding of \$1,411,184. Long-term liabilities, including accrued employee benefits and the net pension and OPEB liabilities, are as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accrued employee benefits	\$ 302,712	\$ 61,442	\$ 364,154
Net pension liability	1,017,419	162,510	1,179,929
Net OPEB obligation	541,224	-	541,224
Bonds, leases and notes payable	169,184	1,242,000	1,411,184
Total	\$2,030,539	\$1,465,952	\$3,496,491

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of these financial statements.

# **Budgetary Highlights**

- The Tannery Bay Phase II engineering of \$46,900 was added to the TIFA budget.
- The North Mears parking lot construction and related engineering was increased by \$231,000.
- The Playhouse budget was adjusted to reflect the lost revenues and reduced expenses due to the negative impact of COVID 19.

- Grant income was increased for the Community Fund grant of \$20,330 and the Michigan Strategic Fund grant of \$40,000.
- General fund expenditures were increased \$12,000 for police salaries and several other minor items.
- Tree maintenance line item in both major and local streets was increased 12,000.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2021-2022 fiscal year:

#### **General Fund**

- The initial General Fund budget projected a net loss of \$211,000. This will be the fourth year in a
  row that the fund balance has been drawn down leaving it \$118,000 below the target level. This
  was accomplished by eliminating \$135,000 in requested purchases, removing all but absolutely
  necessary conference expenditures, a patrol car will be leased instead of purchased and White
  Lake Solid Waste Authority will not require a subsidy..
- Retirement costs have increased \$160,000 from just 4 years ago. We currently have an unfunded liability of \$1.2M. We have moved from a defined benefit plan to a hybrid plan to a defined contribution plan to eliminate legacy costs.

#### Major Streets, Local Streets, and Capital Improvements

 Tree maintenance has been increasing each year and includes \$36,000 this year. A transfer from Major to local streets \$32,000 this year is needed. Street improvements for the Spring of 2022 will include Lakeview, Lewis, and Wilshire.

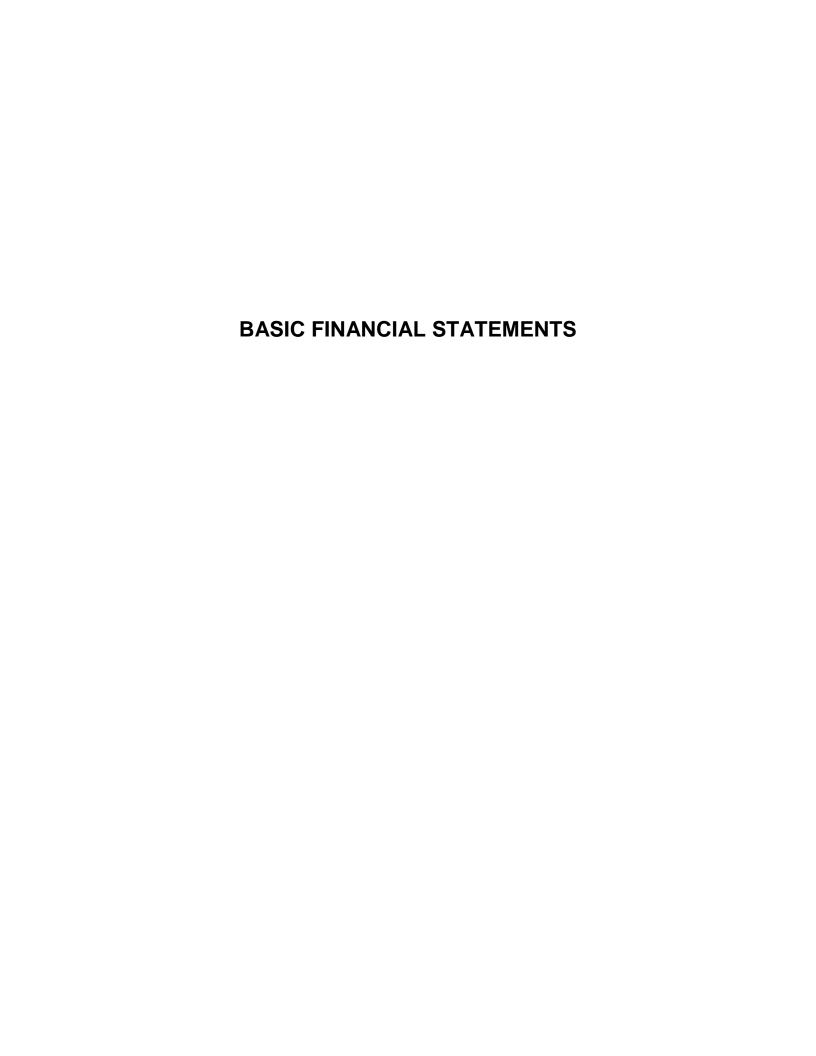
#### Marijuana fund

This is a relatively new fund with Council passage of legalizing local sales last year. Just as things
were progressing with the approved vendors, COVID-19 hit and all work was halted. We hope
things will resume as we move into the next year and that all three vendors are operational before
their permits expire in November.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Whitehall, 405 East Colby St., Whitehall, Michigan, 49461.

(This page left intentionally blank)



# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# JUNE 30, 2021

	Primary Government							
	Go			siness-Type				component
		Activities		Activities		Total	•	Units
	<u>-</u>	ACTIVITIES		Activities		Total		Omto
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	3,205,064	\$	2,255,596	\$	5,460,660	\$	1,440,145
Accounts receivable		234		565,877		566,111		204
Prepaid items		43,821		3,205		47,026		-
Due from other governments		149,665		2,343		152,008		-
Inventory		23,545		24,240		47,785		-
Internal balances		30,837		(30,837)		-		-
Access rights, net		-		19,668		19,668		-
Capital assets								
Land		1,059,728		453,097		1,512,825		680,425
Construction in progress		891,141		5,598		896,739		-
Depreciable capital assets, net		5,035,046	_	11,843,285	_	16,878,331		
Total assets		10,439,081	_	15,142,072	_	25,581,153		2,120,774
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred outflow for pension plan		343,635	_	133,637		477,272	_	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		46,414		83,553		129,967		185,603
Accrued liabilities		85,950		29,268		115,218		3,654
Customer deposits		-		3,740		3,740		-
Unearned revenue		_		9,266		9,266		_
Due within one year		88,752		358,000		446,752		_
Noncurrent liabilities		00,702		000,000		110,102		
Accrued compensated absences		302,712		61,442		364,154		_
Net other post-employment benefits obligation		541,224				541,224		_
Net pension liability		1,017,419		162,510		1,179,929		_
Due in more than one year		80,432	_	884,000		964,432		_
Total liabilities		2,162,903		1,591,779		3,754,682		189,257
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred inflow for pension plan		313,634	_	121,295	_	434,929		
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		6,816,731		11,059,980		17,876,711		680,425
Restricted for								
Streets		201,789		-		201,789		-
Garbage and refuse		124,000		-		124,000		-
Capital projects		341,698		-		341,698		-
Permanent trust								
Cemetery - nonexpendable portion		352,646		-		352,646		-
Cemetery - expendable		189,608		-		189,608		-
Unrestricted		279,707	_	2,502,655		2,782,362		1,251,092
Total net position	\$	8,306,179	\$	13,562,635	\$	21,868,814	\$	1,931,517

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues							
						am Revenue Operating				
				Charges		Frants and	c	rants and	No	t (Expense)
Functions/Programs		Expenses		r Services		ntributions	_	ntributions		Revenue
Primary government	<u> </u>	Apenses	10	1 Services	<u> </u>	ittibutions	<u> </u>	intributions		Revenue
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	656.293	\$	106.056	\$	12.000	\$		\$	(538,237)
Public safety	φ	1,167,965	Φ	144,047	φ	1.080	φ	-	φ	(1,022,838)
Public salety Public works		687,427		22,311		477,894		879,029		691,807
Health and sanitation		59,757		22,311		477,094		079,029		(59,757)
		,		-		- 0.004		-		. , ,
Community and economic development		28,516		-		2,284		-		(26,232)
Culture and recreation		152,673		-		-		-		(152,673)
Interest on long-term debt		9,413	_		_		_		_	(9,413)
Total governmental activities		2,762,044		272,414		493,258		879,029	_	(1,117,343)
Business-type activities										
Sewer		1,180,889		1,180,441		631		12,900		13,083
Water		704,432		706,117		4,410		31,053		37,148
Marina		148,658		138,771		58		-		(9,829)
Playhouse		335,600		27,559	_	200,594		282,990	_	175,543
Total business-type activities		2,369,579		2,052,888		205,693		326,943		215,945
Total primary government	\$	5,131,623	\$	2,325,302	\$	698,951	\$	1,205,972	\$	(901,398)
Component units										
Tax Increment Finance Authority		1,542,581		-		903,866		-		(638,715)
Local Development Finance Authority		357,725		-		218,146		_		(139,579)
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		327,872	_							(327,872)
Total component units	\$	2,228,178	\$		\$	1,122,012	\$		\$	(1,106,166)

(Continued)

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Primary Government							
	Governmental	Business-type		Component				
	<u>Activities</u>	<b>Activities</b>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Units</u>				
Changes in net assets								
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (1,117,34 <u>3</u> )	\$ 215,945	\$ (901,398)	<u>\$ (1,106,166)</u>				
General revenues								
Property taxes	1,560,397	-	1,560,397	807,040				
State shared revenues	333,882	-	333,882	-				
Other unrestricted grants	385,420	-	385,420	-				
Unrestricted investment earnings	13,870	-	13,870	2,318				
Other general revenues	38,023	-	38,023	14,365				
Transfers - internal activities	19,145	(19,145)	<u> </u>	<del>_</del>				
Total general revenues and transfers	2,350,737	(19,145)	2,331,592	823,723				
Change in net position	1,233,394	196,800	1,430,194	(282,443)				
Net position, beginning of year	7,072,785	13,365,835	20,438,620	2,213,960				
Net position, end of year	\$ 8,306,179	\$ 13,562,635	\$ 21,868,814	\$ 1,931,517				
				(Canaludad)				

(Concluded)

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2021

Assets		<u>General</u>		Major <u>Streets</u>	<u>In</u>	Street nprovement		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$	930,594	\$	393,718	\$	349,581	\$	864,283	\$ 2,538,176
Accounts receivable		105		27		15		37	184
Prepaid items		43,821		-				-	43,821
Due from other funds  Due from other governments		30,837 72,159		56,340		-		- 19,170	30,837 147,669
Due nom other governments		12,109		30,340				19,170	 147,009
Total assets	\$	1,077,516	\$	450,085	\$	349,596	\$	883,490	\$ 2,760,687
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	28,854	\$	84	\$	7,898	\$	7,801	\$ 44,637
Accrued liabilities	_	80,854	_	1,736	_	-	_	2,071	 84,661
Total liabilities		109,708		1,820		7,898		9,872	 129,298
Fund balances									
Non-spendable									
Prepaid items		43,821		-		-		-	43,821
Permanent fund corpus		-		-		-		352,646	352,646
Restricted Streets		_		448,265		_		201,789	650,054
Public safety		_		110,200		_		5,575	5,575
Permanent fund spendable portion		-		-		-		189,608	189,608
Assigned									
Building inspections		-		-		-		124,000	124,000
Capital projects		440.045		-		341,698		-	341,698
Subsequent year expenditures		142,245		-		-		-	142,245
Unassigned	_	781,742	_				_		 781,742
Total fund balances	_	967,808		448,265		341,698		873,618	 2,631,389
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,077,516	\$	450,085	\$	349,596	\$	883,490	\$ 2,760,687

# RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# JUNE 30, 2021

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,631,389
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - land Add - construction in progress Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,059,728 891,141 4,390,286
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of centralized services, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.	
Add - net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service funds	1,175,982
Certain items are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - compensated absences payable Deduct - other post-employment benefits Add - deferred outflows related to pensions Deduct - net pension liability Deduct - long-term debt payable Deduct - deferred inflows related to pensions	 (302,712) (541,224) 343,635 (1,017,419) (10,993) (313,634)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 8,306,179

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General		Major Streets	Street Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,560,397	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,560,397
Intergovernmental revenues								
Federal		12,000		_	-	-		12,000
State		334,830		343,786	-	132,476		811,092
Local		397,420		1,130	-	· -		398,550
Licenses and permits		58,143		-	_	3,600		61,743
Charges for services		51,791		-	-	152,947		204,738
Fines		6,687		-	-	· -		6,687
Investment earnings		13,246		312	147	2,606		16,311
Miscellaneous		9,605			-	_,000		9,605
Micognarious		0,000					_	0,000
Total revenues	_	2,444,119		345,228	147	291,629	_	3,081,123
Expenditures Current								
		726,557						726,557
General government Public safety		1,094,504		-	-	144,404		1,238,908
Public works		71,818		159,365	- 548,011	160,564		939,758
Health and sanitation		58,941		159,505	546,011	100,304		58,941
Community and economic development		28,516		-	-	-		28,516
Culture and recreation		,		-	-	-		,
		170,756		-	-	-		170,756
Other		5,991		-	-	-		5,991
Debt service		40.047						40.047
Principal		10,317		-	-	-		10,317
Interest	_	1,395	_				_	1,395
Total expenditures	_	2,168,795		159,365	548,011	304,968	_	3,181,139
Revenues over (under) expenditures		275,324	_	185,863	(547,864)	(13,339)		(100,016)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Sale of fixed assets		2,456		_		_		2.456
Transfers in		2,430		_	323,231	_		325,798
Transfers out		(285,335)		(21,318)	323,231	-		(306,653)
Halisiers out	_	(200,333)	_	(21,310)			_	(300,033)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(280,312)	_	(21,318)	323,231			21,601
Net changes in fund balances		(4,988)		164,545	(224,633)	(13,339)		(78,415)
Fund balances, beginning of year		972,796	_	283,720	566,331	886,957	_	2,709,804
Fund balances, end of year	\$	967,808	\$	448,265	\$ 341,698	\$ 873,618	\$	2,631,389

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (78,415)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay Add - capital contribution Deduct - depreciation expense Deduct - net book value of disposed capital assets	584,534 878,882 (448,808) (21,368)
Bond or note issues provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond or note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Add - principal payments on debt	10,317
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Add - decrease in compensated absences Add - decrease in net pension liability Add - increase in deferred outflows related to pensions Deduct - increase in deferred inflows related to pensions Deduct - increase in net OPEB liability	10,638 373,209 112,633 (263,171) (1,358)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	
Add - increase in net position from the internal service funds	 76,301
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,233,394

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

		Enterprise Funds										
				Enterpris	se ru	nus	(Nonmajor		_		Governmental Activities	
							E	nterprise	E	Enterprise		Internal
		Sewer		Water	PI	layhouse		Fund) Marina		Fund Total		Service Fund
Assets												
Current assets												
Cash and pooled investments	\$	526,215	\$	, ,	\$	517,503	\$	93,920	\$	2,255,596	\$	666,888
Accounts receivable		354,985		209,174		1,713		5		565,877		50
Prepaid items		-		-		3,205		-		3,205		-
Due from other funds		9,348		427		-		- 0.040		9,775		-
Due from other governments		-		40.704		-		2,343		2,343		1,996
Inventory	_		_	10,731		<del></del>	_	13,509	_	24,240	_	23,545
Total current assets	_	890,548		1,338,290		522,421		109,777	_	2,861,036	_	692,479
Non-current assets												
Capital assets												
Land		-		4,223		103,454		345,420		453,097		-
Construction in progress		5,598		-		-		-		5,598		-
Plant and systems		4,748,026		8,446,906		-		-		13,194,932		-
Buildings and improvements		-		341,148		3,893,657		474,835		4,709,640		410,121
Land improvements		-		-		-		912,648		912,648		-
Equipment		<del>.</del> .		-		18,795		-		18,795		1,689,165
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,101,294)	_	(3,627,766)		(299,403)	_	(964,267)		(6,992,730)	_	(1,454,526)
Total capital assets, net		2,652,330		5,164,511		3,716,503		768,636		12,301,980		644,760
Access rights, net	_	19,668	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_		_	19,668	_	
Total non-current assets	_	2,671,998		5,164,511		3,716,503		768,636	_	12,321,648	_	644,760
Total assets	_	3,562,546		6,502,801		4,238,924		878,413	_	15,182,684	_	1,337,239
Deferred outflows of resources												
Deferred outflow for pension plan		48,921	_	80,564		4,152	_		_	133,637	_	
Liabilities												
Current liabilities												
Accounts payable		67,467		12,283		1,569		2,234		83,553		1,777
Accrued liabilities		6,563		8,283		11,544		2,878		29,268		1,289
Due to other funds		427		9,348		30,837		-		40,612		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		9,266		-		9,266		-
Customer deposits		-		3,740		-		-		3,740		-
Current portion of long-term debt	_		_	<u> </u>		358,000		<u> </u>	_	358,000	_	77,759
Total current liabilities		74,457		33,654		411,216		5,112		524,439		80,825
Long term liabilities												
Long-term liabilities Accrued compensated absences		20,041		31,494		9,907				61,442		
Net pension liability		56,863		94,840		10.807		-		162,510		_
Long-term debt payable, net of current portion		-		-		884,000		-		884,000		80,432
Total long-term liabilities		76,904		126,334		904,714				1,107,952		80,432
•	_								_			
Total liabilities	_	151,361		159,988		1,315,930		5,112	_	1,632,391	_	161,257
Deferred inflows of resources												
Deferred inflow for pension plan	_	44,403	_	73,124		3,768			_	121,295	_	<u>-</u>
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets		2,652,330		5,164,511		2,474,503		768,636		11,059,980		486,569
Unrestricted	_	763,373		1,185,742		448,875		104,665	_	2,502,655	_	689,413
Total net position	\$	3,415,703	\$	6,350,253	\$	2,923,378	\$	873,301	\$	13,562,635	\$	1,175,982
•	<del></del>		<u>-</u>					· · · · · ·			<u> </u>	

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Enterprise Funds (Nonmajor				-	Governmental Activities
Operating revenue	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Water</u>	<u>Playhouse</u>	Enterprise Fund) <u>Marina</u>	Enterprise Fund <u>Total</u>	Internal Service Fund
Charges for services	\$ 1,193,341	\$ 737,170	\$ 27,197	\$ 138,771	\$ 2,096,479	\$ 259,313
Operating expense Operating costs and expenses Depreciation Amortization	1,067,635 90,856 22,398	507,191 197,241	219,928 80,558 	104,902 43,756	1,899,656 412,411 22,398	79,610 109,216
Total operating expense	1,180,889	704,432	300,486	148,658	2,334,465	188,826
Operating income (loss)	12,452	32,738	(273,289)	(9,887)	(237,986)	70,487
Non-operating revenue (expense) Gain on disposal of capital assets Other revenue Investment earnings Interest expense	- - 631 	- - 4,410 -	200,826 130 (35,114)	- - 58 -	200,826 5,229 (35,114)	13,208 - 624 (8,018)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	631	4,410	165,842	58	170,941	5,814
Income (loss) before other items	13,083	37,148	(107,447)	(9,829)	(67,045)	76,301
Transfers and other items Transfers in Transfers out	(25,000)	25,000 (16,578)	(2,567)		25,000 (44,145)	<u>-</u>
Total transfers and other items	(25,000)	8,422	(2,567)		(19,145)	
Capital contributions			282,990		282,990	
Changes in net position	(11,917)	45,570	172,976	(9,829)	196,800	76,301
Net position, beginning of year	3,427,620	6,304,683	2,750,402	883,130	13,365,835	1,099,681
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,415,703	\$ 6,350,253	\$ 2,923,378	\$ 873,301	\$ 13,562,635	\$ 1,175,982

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Enterprise Funds								Governmental			
		Sewer_		Water		layhouse	•	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund) <u>Marina</u>	ı	Enterprise Fund <u>Total</u>		Activities Internal Service <u>Fund</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from internal services provided	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$		Ф	257,831
Receipts from customers and users Grants and donations		1,153,548 -	Φ	700,124	Ф	27,531 131,380	Φ	138,936	Φ	2,020,139 131,380	Ф	237,031
Payments to employees		(245,995)		(352,153)		(146,973)		(30,121)		(775,242)		(50,434)
Payments to suppliers		(939,557)		(212,596)		(76,595)	_	(83,439)	_	(1,312,187)		(43,468)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(32,004)	_	135,375	_	(64,657)	_	25,376	_	64,090	_	163,929
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities  Due to other funds		71		3,060		_		_		3,131		
Due from other funds		(3,060)		(71)		-		-		(3,131)		-
Transfers in		-		25,000		_		-		25,000		-
Transfers out		(25,000)		(16,578)	_	(2,567)		<u>-</u>		(44,145)	_	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(27,989)		11,411		(2,567)				(19,145)		
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets	;	_		_		_		_		_		13,208
Interest paid		-		-		(39,557)		-		(39,557)		(8,018)
Capital contributions		-		-		282,990		-		282,990		-
Principal paid on bonds and notes		-		-		(383,000)		-		(383,000)		(75,176)
Acquisitions of capital assets		<u>-</u>	_	(127,036)			_		_	(127,036)	_	(6,461)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities				(127,036)		(139,567)	_			(266,603)		(76,447)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income		631		4,410		130		58		5,229		624
interest income		031	_	4,410		130			_	5,229	_	024
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments		(59,362)		24,160		(206,661)		25,434		(216,429)		88,106
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year		585,577		1,093,798		724,164	_	68,486	_	2,472,025		578,782
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	526,215	\$	1,117,958	\$	517,503	\$	93,920	\$	2,255,596	\$	666,888
Cash flows from operating activities												
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$	12,452	\$	32,738	\$	(273,289)	\$	(9,887)	\$	(237,986)	\$	70,487
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				10= :		06		46				100 51-
Depreciation		90,856 22,398		197,241		80,558		43,756		412,411		109,216
Amortization of access rights Deferred outflows of resources		(16,035)		(26,407)		(1,361)		-		22,398 (43,803)		-
Deferred inflows of resources		37,465		61,699		3,180		-		102,344		_
Grants and donations		· -		-		200,826		-		200,826		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash												
Receivables		(39,793)		(37,276)		334		12		(76,723)		61
Due from other governmental units		-		-		-		153		153		(1,543)
Prepaid items		-		(040)		(1,430)		- (7.767)		(1,430)		(1E EO4)
Inventory Accounts payable		(86,037)		(949) (1,192)		(2,133)		(7,767) (1,176)		(8,716) (90,538)		(15,591) 613
Accrued liabilities		1,769		(1,192)		1,331		285		3,235		686
Customer deposits		-		230		-				230		-
Compensated absences		(1,949)		(3,062)		1,282		-		(3,729)		-
Net pension liability Unearned revenue	. <u> </u>	(53,130)		(87,497)		(4,509) (69,446)		<u>-</u>		(145,136) (69,446)		- -

# FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# JUNE 30, 2021

	Custodial <u>Fund</u>
Assets	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ -
Total assets	
Liabilities  Due to other governmental units	
Total liabilities	
Net position Restricted	<u>\$</u>

# FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Additions	Custodial <u>Fund</u>
Property taxes collected for other governments	\$ 4,578,374
Total additions	4,578,374
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments	4,578,374
Total deductions	4,578,374
Net increase	-
Net position, beginning of year	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u> _

# COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# JUNE 30, 2021

Assets	Tax Increment Finance <u>Authority</u>	Local Development Finance <u>Authority</u>	Brownfield Redevelopment <u>Authority</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,297,231	\$ 82,702	\$ 60,212 \$	1,440,145
Accounts receivable	166	18	20	204
Capital assets not being depreciated	145,568	534,857	<u> </u>	680,425
Total assets	1,442,965	617,577	60,232	2,120,774
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	185,543	60	-	185,603
Accrued liabilities	2,482	703	469	3,654
Total liabilities	188,025	763	469	189,257
Net position				
Investment in capital assets	145,568	534,857	-	680,425
Unrestricted	1,109,372	81,957	59,763	1,251,092
Total net position	\$ 1,254,940	\$ 616,814	\$ 59,763 \$	1,931,517

# COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

_	Tax Increment Finance <u>Authority</u>	Local Development Finance <u>Authority</u>	Brownfield Redevelopment <u>Authority</u>	<u>Total</u>
Expenses Community development	\$ 1,542,581	\$ 357,725	\$ 327,872	\$ 2,228,178
Community development	φ 1,542,561	φ 331,123	φ 321,012	Ψ 2,220,170
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Operating grants and contributions	903,866	218,146	-	1,122,012
General revenues				
Property taxes	348,825	123,727	334,488	807,040
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,872	191	255	2,318
Miscellaneous	14,365			14,365
Total revenues	1,268,928	342,064	334,743	1,945,735
Change in net position	(273,653)	(15,661)	6,871	(282,443)
Net position, beginning of year	1,528,593	632,475	52,892	2,213,960
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,254,940	\$ 616,814	\$ 59,763	\$ 1,931,517

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Whitehall, Michigan (the "City") was incorporated in 1942, under the provisions of Act 279, P.A.1909, as amended (the Home Rule City Act). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides police, major and local streets, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general and administrative services as authorized by its charter.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

#### Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City has no blended component units. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City. A separate section of the financial statements provides detailed financial information on the discretely presented component units.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The component unit columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the Tax Increment Financing Authority, the Local Development Finance Authority, and the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority. These entities are reported in separate columns and rows to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The members of the governing boards of these organizations are appointed by the City Council. The budgets of these organizations must be approved by the City Council, and the City has the ability to significantly influence their operations. Financial statements are not separately issued for the component units.

# Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except grant revenues which are recognized when grant requirements are met, state shared revenue is recognized in the month in which taxes are collected, and interest revenue which is recorded when earned. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension expense, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes, state revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include depreciation on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Major Streets Fund* accounts for funds specifically intended for the maintenance and construction of major streets. Financing is provided from Public Act 51 state shared gas and weight tax and miscellaneous service revenues.

The Street Improvement Capital Projects Fund is used for the accumulation and disbursement of resources for the construction of various streets within the City.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's sewer department that provides sewer services to most residents of the City on a user charge basis.

The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's water department that provides water services to most residents of the City on a user charge basis.

The Playhouse Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's fine arts center.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Special Revenue Funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The *Permanent Fund* is used to record the activity and balance of the Cemetery Trust which provides funds for perpetual care of cemetery lots.

The Marina Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's marina.

The *Internal Service Fund* is used to account for financing of goods or services provided by the City to other departments or funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Custodial Fund* is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

# **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Comparisons to budget are presented for General and major Special Revenue Funds. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds except Fiduciary Funds.
- 5. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the City are governed by Public Act 621. The appropriations ordinances are based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the City. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. The City did amend its budget for the current year. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any activity must be approved by the City Council.

Budgets for expenditures are adopted on an activity basis. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted and amended by the City Council.

#### Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's cash and pooled investments are considered to be cash and cash equivalents because the balances are readily available similar to demand deposits. All investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

#### Statutory Authority

City policy and state statutes authorize the City to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

#### Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables are short term borrowings that arise from interfund transactions which are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

# Receivables/Due from Other Governments

All receivables are recorded at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Uncollectible balances are immaterial to the financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements following the consumption method of accounting.

### Inventory

All inventories are valued at original cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) following the consumption method of accounting. Inventory represents parts and fuel utilized in the various City operations.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental and business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

No interest expense has been capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

Depreciation on capital assets (including infrastructure), is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Voore

<u>rears</u>
10-20
25-40
5-10
3-10
5-100

#### Compensated Absences

City employees are granted earned time off in varying amounts based on length of service and can be paid for time off work for vacation, illness, injury, family needs or other approved reasons. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused earned time off at their current rates. Employees hired before July 1, 2013 may accumulate earned time off not to exceed 95 days (760 hours). Employees hired after July 1, 2013 may accumulate earned time off not to exceed 40 days (320 hours). All earned time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the year of issuance. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as an other financing use. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures or expenses regardless of fund or activity.

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to the net pension liability which is discussed in note 6.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to the net pension liability which is discussed in note 6.

#### Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds report fund balance in the following five categories:

- Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The assets
  are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained
  intact. Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, non-current
  financial assets, and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- 2. Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the governing board.
- 4. Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed.
- 5. Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City Council has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager.

The City's policy requires the general fund to maintain a fund balance of 35% of budgeted expenditures.

#### Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

# **Property Taxes**

City property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1. Taxes are levied July 1 and are due without penalty on or before July 31. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to Muskegon County for collection, which advances the City 100% for the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City Treasurer.

Property taxes levied in July of each year are recognized as revenue in that year.

#### Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

Grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenue when entitlement occurs. Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditure/expenses are incurred.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Transfers are used to contribute budgeted amounts to the capital improvements and other funds or to move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them.

#### Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City carried commercial insurance to cover risks of losses. The City has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### 2. STATUTORY COMPLIANCE

### **Excess of expenditures over appropriations**

PA. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the City's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown at the functional level. The approved budgets of the City for these budgetary funds were adopted at the activity level.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
General Fund	<u> buuget</u>	Actual	variance
General government			
Council	\$ 28,625	\$ 29,418	\$ 793
District Court	16,000	16,429	429
Administration	232,736	237,596	4,860
Attorney	15,500	17,484	1,984
Assessor	33,130	33,132	2
Treasurer	81,510	82,967	1,457
Cemetery	125,525	126,574	1,049
Public safety			
Police	1,080,940	1,094,504	13,564
Building Inspection Fund			
Public safety	102,200	144,392	42,192

### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the financial statements relating to cash and pooled investments are as follows:

	\$6,900,805
Component units	1,440,145
Business-type activities	2,255,596
Governmental activities	\$3,205,064

Cash and pooled investments consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

Petty cash	\$	725
Deposits		
Demand deposit accounts	4,0	25,887
Certificates of deposit	1,3	93,130
Investments	1,4	81,063
	<b></b>	00 005
	\$6,9	00,805

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### **Deposits**

The deposits are in financial institutions located in Michigan. State policy limits the Treasurer's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the City and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in City records at fair value.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. As of year-end, \$4,463,858 of the City's bank balance of \$6,026,270 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

### Investments

The City chooses to disclose its investments by type. As of year-end, the City had the following investments:

	<b>Maturity</b>	Fai	ir Value	<u>Rating</u>
Fixed Income Securities				·
United States Treasury Notes	2/15/24	\$	53,614	Moody's Aaa
United States Treasury Notes	8/31/24		41,982	Aaa
United States Treasury Notes	10/31/22		51,399	Aaa
United States Treasury Notes	2/28/23		57,712	Aaa
United States Treasury Notes	5/31/23		57,766	Aaa
United States Treasury Notes	9/30/23		47,923	Aaa
United States Treasury Notes	10/15/21		45,640	Aaa
United States Treasury Notes	2/15/22		46,105	Aaa
Federated Hermes Gov't Oblig Fund			9,412	N/A
Mutual fund				
Comerica Gov't. Cash Investment fund	N/A		556,285	S&P AAAm
Money Market	N/A		513,225	Not rated
		<b>\$</b> 1,	481,063	

The City categorizes its fair value measurements of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year-end:

- The City's treasury note investments are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Money market and mutual fund accounts are valued using a pricing model utilizing observable fair value measures of fund/pool investments and other observable inputs to determine the fair value of the securities making up the of investments fund/pool (Level 2 inputs).
- The City does not have any investments that report fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity date for each investment is identified above for investments held at year-end.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The rating for each investment is identified above for investments held at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. The City has custodial credit risk of \$411,553 because the treasury notes listed above are uninsured, unregistered and held by the government's brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these particular securities. Of the above money market and mutual fund investments, the City's custodial credit risk exposure cannot be determined because the City's participation in the funds does not consist of specifically identifiable securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

### 4. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Amounts due to and from other funds at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Due to	General <u>fund</u>	Sewer <u>fund</u>	Water <u>fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Sewer fund Water fund Playhouse fund	\$ - - 30,837	\$ - 9,348 -	\$427 - -	\$ 427 9,348 30,837
General fund	\$30,837	\$9,348	\$427	\$40,612

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Transfers in		
	General	Street improvement	Water	
Transfers out	fund	fund	fund	<u>Total</u>
General fund	\$ -	\$285,335	\$ -	\$285,335
Major Street fund	-	21,318	-	21,318
Sewer fund	-	-	25,000	25,000
Water fund	-	16,578		16,578
Playhouse fund	2,567	-	-	2,567
Total	\$2,567	\$323,231	\$25,000	\$350,798

Transfers are used to (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance capital and other various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them.

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,
	2020	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Deletions</b>	2021
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$1,059,728	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,059,728
Construction in Progress	223,647	891,141	223,647	891,141
	1,283,375	891,141	223,647	1,950,869
Capital assets, being depreciated				_
Building and improvements	1,695,322	-	-	1,695,322
Land improvements	1,128,186	-	-	1,128,186
Vehicles and equipment	2,099,342	10,933	99,969	2,010,306
Infrastructure	12,989,700	791,450	294,441	13,486,709
Total capital assets, being depreciated	17,912,550	802,383	394,410	18,320,523
Less accumulated depreciation				
Building and improvements	1,270,245	33,116	-	1,303,361
Land improvements	1,020,987	14,448	-	1,035,435
Vehicles and equipment	1,292,739	125,693	99,969	1,318,463
Infrastructure	9,516,524	384,767	273,073	9,628,218
Total accumulated depreciation	13,100,495	558,024	373,042	13,285,477
Net capital assets, being depreciated	4,812,055	244,359	21,368	5,035,046
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$6,095,430	\$1,135,500	\$245,015	\$6,985,915

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Business-type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated	Balance July 1, <u>2020</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2021</u>
Land	\$ 453,097	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 453,097
Construction in progress	118,818	· -	113,220	5,598
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	571,915	-	113,220	458,695
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Plants and system	12,954,676	240,256	-	13,194,932
Buildings and improvements	4,709,640		-	4,709,640
Land improvements	912,648	_	-	912,648
Equipment	18,795	_	-	18,795
Total capital assets, being depreciated	18,595,759	240,256	-	18,836,015
Less accumulated depreciation				,,
Plants and system	5,106,807	283,388	-	5,390,195
Buildings and improvements	869,070	98,158	-	967,228
Land improvements	591,286	28,985	-	620,271
Equipment	13,156	1,880	-	15,036
Total accumulated depreciation	6,580,319	412,411	-	6,992,730
Net capital assets, being depreciated	12,015,440	(172,155)	-	11,843,285
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$12,587,355	\$(172,155)	\$113,220	\$12,301,980
Component Units Tax Increment Financing Authority		, ,		
Land	\$145,568	\$ -	\$ -	\$145,568
Local Development Finance Authority  Land	547,628	-	12,771	534,857
Component unit capital assets, net	\$693,196	\$ -	\$12,771	\$680,425
•			•	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 9,053
Public safety	34,634
Highways	396,694
Culture and recreation	816
Health and sanitation	7,611
Depreciation charged to internal service fund	109,216
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$558,024
Business-type Activities	
Sewer	\$ 90,856
Water	197,241
	•
Playhouse Marina	80,558
Maina	43,756
Total depreciation expense - business- type activities	\$412,411

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### 6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

### **Defined Benefit Traditional and Hybrid Plan**

### Plan Description

The employer's defined benefit traditional and hybrid pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at <a href="https://www.mersofmich.com">www.mersofmich.com</a>.

### Benefits Provided

Benefits provided include a multiplier of 1.0 to 2.0 times final average compensation. Vesting period from 6 to 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 15 years of service. Final average compensation is calculated based on 3 to 5 years depending on division.

Membership of the defined benefit plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (December 31, 2020):

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	24
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	20
Total	47

### **Contributions**

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which for the current year was a monthly amount of \$32,837 for the traditional and hybrid Plans. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of employees are established and may be amended by labor agreements.

### **Net Pension Liability**

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Inflation: 2.5%
- Salary Increases: base wage inflation of 3.00% in the long-term (plus merit and longevity from 0 to 11% based on age)
- Investment rate of return: 7.35%, net of investment expense, including inflation
- Mortality rates used for non-disabled plan member were based on a weighted blend of RP-2014 mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend. Mortality rates used for disabled plan member were based on a blend of RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend of disabled retirees

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the most recent (2020) actuarial experience study.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of	Expected Money Weighted Rate
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Return	of Return*
Global Equity	60.0%	7.75%	3.15%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	3.75%	0.25%
Private investments	20.0%	9.75%	1.45%
Inflation			2.50%
Administrative fee			0.25%
Investment rate of return			7.60%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$6,697,642	\$4,999,368	\$1,698,274	
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	97,385	-	97,385	
Interest	498,228	-	498,228	
Change in benefits	-	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(236,369)	-	(236,369)	
Change in assumptions	243,605	-	243,605	
Contributions: employer	-	471,538	(471,538)	
Contributions: employee	-	-	-	
Net investment income	-	659,825	(659,825)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(381,397)	(381,397)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(10,169)	10,169	
Other changes	-	-		
Net changes	221,452	739,797	(518,345)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$6,919,094	\$5,739,165	\$1,179,929	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% Increase
Total pension liability	\$7,695,875	\$6,919,094	\$6,259,856
Fiduciary net position	5,739,165	5,739,165	5,739,165
Net pension liability	\$1,956,710	\$1,179,929	\$ 520,691

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the employer recognized pension expense of \$184,777. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Of	Deferred Inflows Of
	Resources	Resources
Excess investment returns	\$ -	\$215,981
Differences in experience	-	218,948
Differences in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the	280,250	-
measurement date*	197,022	-
		_
Total	\$477,272	\$434,929

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (excluding contributions subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2021	\$ (19,787)
2022	29,429
2023	(108,953)
2024	(55,368)
2025	· -
Thereafter	
Total	\$(154,679)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### **Defined Contribution Plan**

The City of Whitehall provides pension benefits to its non-union full-time employees hired after July 1, 2012 through a defined contribution plan administered by MERS. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The City contributes 8% of eligible earnings as defined in the plan document which may be amended by the City Council. In accordance with these requirements, the City contributed \$16,078 during the year ended June 30, 2021.

### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additi	ons	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
Governmental Activities 2019 Act 99 installment note payable in annual installments of \$83,1955 through April 2023, including interest at 3.436%	\$233,367	\$	<del>-</del>	\$75,176	\$158,191	\$77,759
2020 Police interceptor capital lease payable in annual installments of \$11,712 through March 2022, including interest at 6.55%	21,310		-	10,317	10,993	10,993
Total bonds/capital leases Accrued employee benefits	254,677 313,350		-	85,493 10,638	169,184 302,712	88,752 -
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$568,027	\$	-	\$96,131	\$471,896	\$88,752
Business-type Activities 2018 General Obligation, Limited Tax Bonds, payable in annual installments ranging from \$102,000 to \$383,000 through October 2027, including interest from 2.25% to 3.4%	\$1,625,000	\$	-	\$383,000	\$1,242,000	\$358,000
Accrued employee benefits	65,171		-	3,729	61,442	
Total Business-type Activities	\$1,690,171	\$	-	\$386,729	\$1,303,442	\$358,000

Compensated absences of governmental activities are generally liquidated with general fund resources.

All outstanding debt of the City is direct placement or direct borrowing debt. The debt documents contain various provisions that in the event of default, the City shall be required to use money from its general fund or levy an ad valorem tax sufficient to pay the obligation, subject to applicable constitutional, statutory, and charter limitations.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding (excluding accrued employee benefits) as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year				
Ended	Governmental	Activities	<b>Business-typ</b>	e Activities
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2022	\$ 88,752	\$6,154	\$ 358,000	\$30,172
2023	80,432	2,764	262,000	22,380
2024	-	-	179,000	16,558
2025	-	-	120,000	12,341
2026	-	-	110,000	8,836
Thereafter	-	-	213,000	7,033
Total	\$169,184	\$8,918	\$1,242,000	\$97,320

### 8. CAPITAL LEASE

The City leases a police interceptor which meets capitalization criteria. The net book value of the police interceptor held under the capital lease totals \$19,813 (cost of \$33,022 net of accumulated depreciation of \$13,209 at June 30, 2021) and is included with capital assets in the statement of net position.

The following is a schedule of annual future minimum lease payments required under capital leases with lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2021:

Less amounts representing interest	Capital <u>Lease</u> \$11,712
Total minimum lease payments due Less amounts representing interest	11,712 719
Present value of lease payments	\$10.993

### 9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan"). In addition to the retirement benefits described in Note 6, the Plan provides health insurance benefits to certain retirees and their beneficiaries, which are funded on a pay as you go basis.

### Benefits provided

In accordance with the union and non-union agreements, retirees receive an employer-paid benefit toward health insurance premiums for the retiree. The retiree benefit amount is between 60 and 100% of the premium depending on years of service and union or non-union. The employer's contributions cease when the employee becomes eligible for Medicare benefits.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (June 30, 2021):

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	12
Total	14

The plan is closed to new participants.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City's contributions are based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

There are no long-term contracts for contributions to the Plan. The plan has no legally required reserves.

### **Net OPEB Liability**

The employer's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.2%

Salary Increases: 3.0% including inflation

Investment rate of return: 2.2%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates: The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was 7.50% initially decreasing .25% per year to a final 4.5% long term rate.

Mortality rates were based on the IRS 2017 annuitant/non-annuitant tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 2.2%; the rate used in 2020 was 2.2%. Because the plan does not have a dedicated OPEB trust, there are not assets projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. For projected benefits that are covered by projected assets, the long term expected rate would be used to discount the projected benefits. From the year projected benefits are not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the "depletion date"), projected benefits would be discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20 year AA/Aa tax exempt municipal bond yield. A single equivalent discount rate that yields the same present value of benefits is calculated. This discount rate is used to determine the Total OPEB Liability. A discount rate is used of determine the Total OPEB Liability.

### **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Balance at 6/30/20	\$539,866
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	29,511
Interest	12,202
Differences between expected and actual experience	(51,394)
Change in assumptions	11,039
Net changes	1,358
Balance at 6/30/21	\$541,224

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 2.2%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.2%) or higher (3.2%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% increase
Total OPEB liability	\$550,314	\$541,224	\$522,039

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate.

		Current	
		healthcare cost	
	1% Decrease	trend rate	1% increase
Total OPEB liability	\$493.874	\$541,224	\$595,030

### **OPEB Expense**

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$1,358.

### 10. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended, provides a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. An Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption (IFTE) certificate entitles the facility to a partial exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 12 years for real property and 6 years for personal property as determined by the local unit of government. The IFTE is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%. The agreements entered into by the City include claw back provisions should the recipient of the tax abatement cease operations and no successor employer is providing employment during the term of the abatement. For the year ended June 30, 2021 the City abated property tax revenues of approximately \$70,700.

Public Act 381 of 1996, the Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Act, was adopted in the State of Michigan as a means to authorize municipalities to create a brownfield redevelopment authority to facilitate the implementation of brownfield plans; to create brownfield redevelopment zones; to promote the revitalization, redevelopment, and reuse of certain property, including, but not limited to, tax reverted, blighted, or functionally obsolete property; to prescribe the powers and duties of brownfield redevelopment authorities; to permit the issuance of bonds and other evidences of indebtedness by an authority; to authorize the acquisition and disposal of certain property; to authorize certain funds; to prescribe certain powers and duties of certain state officers and agencies; and to authorize and permit the use of certain tax increment financing. For the year ended June 30, 2021 the City abated property tax revenues of approximately \$121,300.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City entered into a property tax abatement agreement with a local organization to provide housing for Low Income Persons and Families and to encourage the development of such housing by providing for a service charge in lieu of property taxes in accordance with the State Housing Development Authority Act of 1966 (1966 PA 346, as amended, MCL 125.1401, et seq, MSA 116.11-4(1), et seq). Under the agreement the organization pays 12% of annual shelter rent in lieu of taxes or the ad valorem property taxes whichever is smaller. The agreement is approved for a term dependent on the status of outstanding loans, participation in Low income housing tax credits, and rehabilitation of the property. For the year ended June 30, 2021 the City abated an insignificant amount of property tax revenues.

### 11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The City, in conjunction with other governmental entities, created the White Lake Solid Waste Authority (WLSWA) to operate a solid waste transfer station, the White Lake Fire Authority (WLFA) to provide fire protection and rescue services, and the White Lake Community Library (WLCL) to provide an area library.

The boards of the entities are comprised of one or two members from each participating entity. The WLSWA board annually assesses participating entities in projected amounts required to subsidize the Authorities' annual operations. Assessments for WLSWA for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$1,013. WLFA and WLCL are funded through a property tax levy. Audited financial statements are available from the entities.

### 12. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The City has significant economic dependence on a local corporation that is a major employer, taxpayer, and user of water services. The following is the percentage of taxes and utilities paid by the corporation:

Real and personal property taxes	16%
Water accounts receivable	58%
Water billings	53%

### 13. CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of its activities, the City has become a party in various legal actions. Management of the City is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City and, therefore, has not reflected loss reserves in the financial statements.

### 14. COMMITMENTS

At year-end, the City had outstanding commitments of approximately \$425,000 related to various construction projects. Approximately \$240,000 of these commitments are expected to be reimbursed by insurance.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	<b>5</b>							Variance	
	Budget Amounts				-	Actual		Positive	
Revenues		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amount</u>	9	Negative)	
Taxes									
Property taxes	\$	1,557,690	\$	1,559,690	\$	1,560,397	\$	707	
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ	1,007,000	Ψ	1,000,000	Ψ	1,500,557	Ψ	707	
Federal		4,000		12,000		12,000		_	
State		252,425		315,705		334,830		19,125	
Local		404,425		397,425		397,420		(5)	
Licenses and permits		55,000		55,000		58,143		3,143	
Charges for services		50,075		47,075		51,791		4,716	
Fines		11,100		6,200		6,687		487	
Investment earnings		14,000		11,200		13,246		2,046	
Miscellaneous		14,000		2,800		9,605		6,805	
Miscellatieous	_			2,000		9,005		0,003	
Total revenues		2,348,715	_	2,407,095		2,444,119		37,024	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government								(=00)	
Council		28,625		28,625		29,418		(793)	
Clerk		80,150		80,150		72,246		7,904	
District Court		22,000		16,000		16,429		(429)	
Administration		223,060		232,736		237,596		(4,860)	
Election department		29,670		34,670		34,014		656	
Attorney		17,500		15,500		17,484		(1,984)	
Assessor		33,130		33,130		33,132		(2)	
Board of review		2,525		2,525		2,196		329	
Treasurer		81,385		81,510		82,967		(1,457)	
City hall and grounds		52,640		76,575		74,501		2,074	
Cemetery		115,405		125,525		126,574		(1,049)	
Total general government		686,090	_	726,946	_	726,557	_	389	
Public safety									
Police		1,066,940		1,080,940	_	1,094,504		(13,564)	
Public works									
Sidewalks		4,700		4,700		48		4,652	
Streets and highways		800		800		-		800	
Street lighting		74,000		74,000		71,770		2,230	
Total public works	_	79,500		79,500	_	71,818		7,682	
Health and sanitation									
Sanitation		6,000		6,000		1,741		4,259	
Leaf disposal		65,650		58,900		57,200		1,700	
Total health and sanitation	_	71,650	_	64,900		58,941	_	5,959	
Community and economic development									

(Continued)

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Culture and recreation	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual <u>Amount</u>		Variance Positive (Negative)
Parks	\$	145,590	\$	160,590	\$	157,184	\$	3,406
Pathway maintenance	Ψ	10,430	Ψ	14,830	Ψ	11,005	Ψ	3,825
119 S Baldwin		4,105		3,860		2,567		1,293
Total culture and recreation		160,125		179,280		170,756		8,524
Other		8,000		8,000	_	5,991	_	2,009
Debt service								
Principal		11,712		10,317		10,317		-
Interest and fiscal charges		_		1,395	_	1,395	_	<u>-</u>
Total debt service		11,712		11,712		11,712		<u> </u>
Total expenditures		2,114,662	_	2,181,123		2,168,795		12,328
Revenues over (under) expenditures		234,053		225,972		275,324		49,352
Other financing sources (uses)								
Sale of fixed assets		-		2,450		2,456		6
Transfers in		4,105		4,105		2,567		(1,538)
Transfers out		(285,335)		(285,335)		(285,335)		<del>-</del>
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(281,230)		(278,780)		(280,312)		(1,532)
Net changes in fund balance		(47,177)		(52,808)		(4,988)		47,820
Fund balance, beginning of year		972,796		972,796		972,796		<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	925,619	\$	919,988	\$	967,808	\$	47,820

(Concluded)

### MAJOR STREETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	 Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amo	unts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amount</u>	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Intergovernmental revenues						
State	\$ 292,470	\$	366,900	\$ 343,786		(23,114)
Local	-		-	1,130		1,130
Investment earnings	 1,000		315	 312		(3)
Total revenues	293,470		367,215	345,228		(21,987)
Expenditures Current						
Public works	 241,510		218,395	 159,365		59,030
Revenues over (under) expenditures	51,960		148,820	185,863		37,043
Other financing sources Transfers out	 		(21,318)	 (21,318)		
Net changes in fund balance	51,960		127,502	164,545		37,043
Fund balance, beginning of year	 283,720		283,720	 283,720		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 335,680	\$	411,222	\$ 448,265	\$	37,043

### DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability	_													
Service cost	\$	97,385	\$	94,223	\$	89,798	\$	90,702	\$	89,147	\$	93,541	\$	95,926
Interest		498,228		498,106		485,179		468,793		453,759		435,126		416,708
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(236,369)		(72,542)		(21,599)		35,605		9,867		(57,556)		-
Changes in assumptions		243,605		195,094		-		-		-		251,246		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(381,397)		(392,916)		(395,085)		(384,544)		(346,728)		(298,111)		(278,280)
Other	_			<u>-</u>	_				_			<u>-</u>	_	
Net change in total pension liability		221,452		321,965		158,293		210,556		206,045		424,246		234,354
Total pension liability, beginning of year		6,697,642		6,375,677		6,217,384		6,006,828		5,800,783		5,376,537		5,142,183
Total pension liability, end of year	\$	6,919,094	\$	6,697,642	\$	6,375,677	\$	6,217,384	\$	6,006,828	\$	5,800,783	\$	5,376,537
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions-employer	\$	471,538	\$	528,836	\$	299,127	\$	204,349	\$	158,000	\$	149,144	\$	150,863
Net investment income		659,825		596,007		(178,066)		547,665		444,151		(61,643)		255,074
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(381,397)		(392,916)		(395,085)		(384,544)		(346,728)		(298,111)		(278,280)
Administrative expense	_	(10,169)	_	(10,277)	_	(8,822)	_	(8,684)	_	(8,773)	_	(9,071)	_	(9,354)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		739,797		721,650		(282,846)		358,786		246,650		(219,681)		118,303
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	_	4,999,368		4,277,718	_	4,560,564		4,201,778	_	3,955,128	_	4,174,809		4,056,506
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$	5,739,165	\$	4,999,368	\$	4,277,718	\$	4,560,564	\$	4,201,778	\$	3,955,128	\$	4,174,809
Employer net pension liability	\$	1,179,929	\$	1,698,274	\$	2,097,959	\$	1,656,820	\$	1,805,050	\$	1,845,655	\$	1,201,728
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of														
the total pension liability		83%		75%		67%		73%		70%		68%		78%
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,457,243	\$	1,410,406	\$	1,330,267	\$	1,343,413	\$	1,267,316	\$	1,286,631	\$	1,310,926
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage		0.40/		4000/		4500/		4000/		4.400/		4.400/		000/
of covered employee payroll		81%		120%		158%		123%		142%		143%		92%

### Notes to schedule:

Above data is based on a December 31 measurement date.

The above schedule is being accumulated prospectively until 10 years of information is presented.

### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 394,044	\$ 349,032	\$ 306,652	\$ 265,672	\$ 168,861	\$ 148,143	\$ 150,709
determined contribution	394,044	449,032	406,652	265,672	168,861	148,143	150,709
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,462,309	\$ 1,428,684	\$ 1,364,874	\$ 1,400,065	\$ 1,329,541	\$ 1,331,381	\$ 1,329,873
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	26.9%	31.4%	29.8%	19.0%	12.7%	11.1%	11.3%

### Notes to schedule

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age Mortality

Entry Age
Level percentage of payroll, open
25 years
5 year smoothed
2.50%
3.00% (3.75% for 2015 through 2019)
7.35% (7.75% for 2015 through 2019)
Varies depending on plan adoption
50% female/ 50% male RP-2014
mortality table

mortality table

### OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability				2020		2010		
Service cost	\$	29,511	\$	25,129	\$	32,425	\$	22,961
Interest		12,202		18,232		16,409		15,540
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(51,394)		(9,244)		(71,249)		(71,814)
Changes in assumptions		11,039		(2,604)		-		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-			_	
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,358		31,513		(22,415)		(33,313)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	-	539,866	_	508,353	_	530,768		564,081
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 5	541,224	\$	539,866	\$	508,353	\$	530,768
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions-employer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions-employee		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds		-		-		-		-
Administrative expense		-		-		-		-
Other			_		_		_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	<del>-</del>	Φ.		\$	<del>-</del>
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>		Þ		\$		<b>\$</b>	
Employer net OPEB liability	\$ 5	541,224	\$	539,866	\$	508,353	\$	530,768
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0%		0%		0%		0%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 8	883,676	\$	870,758	\$	855,688	\$	834,656
Employer's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		61%		62%		59%		64%

# OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal Year end	det	tuarially termined tributions	in re the a	ributions lation to ctuarially ermined ribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)		Covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
6/30/2018 6/30/2019 6/30/2020 6/30/2021	\$	41,204 49,624 44,397 49,265	\$	-	\$ 41,204 49,624 44,397 49,265	\$	834,656 855,688 870,758 883.676	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%

### Notes to schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal (level percent)

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 15 years (average future service)

Asset valuation method n/a

 Salary increases
 3.0% including inflation (3.5% 2020)

 Discount rate
 2.2% (3.5% 2020, 3.0% 2019)

20-year Aa Municipal bond yield 3.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.50% down to 4.5% (trending down .25 yearly) (8.25 in 2020, 8.5 in 20

Retirement age 58-62

Mortality IRS 2017 annuitant/non-annuitant mortality

The actuarially determined contribution for fiscal year 2020 is based on assumtions required by Michigan Public Act 202. There were no normal costs of contribution requirements for employees hired after June 30, 2018.

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### **Basis of Accounting**

The City adopts an annual budget for the general and each special revenue fund following the GAAP basis of accounting. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

### Pension and OPEB data

The data presented on the schedule of changes in employers net pension liability schedule is based on a December 31 measurement date.

The data presented on the schedule of changes in employers net OPEB liability schedule is based on a June 30 measurement date.

The pension and OPEB schedules are being accumulated prospectively until 10 years of information is presented.

(This page left intentionally blank)

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

### JUNE 30, 2021

			Spec	ial Revenu	е		De	ebt Service	P	ermanent		
		Local Streets		Building spection		larijuana <u>Permits</u>		Debt Service	C	emetery <u>Care</u>		<u>Total</u>
Assets												
Cash and pooled investments	\$	184,174	\$	132,290	\$	5,575	\$	-	\$	542,244	\$	864,283
Accounts receivable		16		11		-		-		10		37
Due from other governments	-	19,170					_		_	<del>-</del>		19,170
Total assets	\$	203,360	\$	132,301	\$	5,575	\$		\$	542,254	\$	883,490
Liabilities and fund balances												
Liabilities	Φ.	157	\$	7.044	Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ	7.004
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	1,414	Ф	7,644 657	Ф	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,801 2,071
Accided liabilities	-	1,414	_	037	_	<u>-</u>	_		_		_	2,071
Total liabilities		1,571		8,301			_		_			9,872
Fund balances												
Non-spendable												
Permanent fund corpus		-		-		-		-		352,646		352,646
Restricted												
Streets		201,789		-				-		-		201,789
Public safety		-		-		5,575		-		-		5,575
Permanent fund spendable portion		-		-		-		-		189,608		189,608
Assigned				404.000								404.000
Building inspections				124,000			_		_			124,000
Total fund balances		201,789		124,000		5,575	_		_	542,254		873,618
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	203,360	\$	132,301	\$	5,575	\$		\$	542,254	\$	883,490

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		(	Special Rev	enu	e		Debt Se	rvice	Pe	ermanent		
Revenues		Local <u>Streets</u>	Building Inspection	_	Marijua <u>Permi</u>		Deb <u>Servi</u>		С	emetery <u>Care</u>		<u>Total</u>
Intergovernmental revenues												
State	\$	132,476	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	132,476
Licenses and permits		-		-	3	,600		-		-		3,600
Charges for services		-	140,4			-		-		12,500		152,947
Investment earnings		190		32			-			2,284		2,606
Total revenues		132,666	140,	<u>579</u>	3	,600			_	14,784		291,629
Expenditures												
Current Public safety			111	202		12						144,404
Public salety Public works		- 160,564	144,	92		12		-		-		160,564
I ubiic works	_	100,304	-	_	-		-		_		_	100,304
Total expenditures		160,564	144,	392		12						304,968
Net changes in fund balances		(27,898)	(3,8)	313)	3	,588		-		14,784		(13,339)
Fund balances, beginning of year		229,687	127,8	313	1	,987			_	527,470		886,957
Fund balances, end of year	\$	201,789	\$ 124,0	000	\$ 5	,575	\$		\$	542,254	\$	873,618

# TAX INCREMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### JUNE 30, 2021

Assets		General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,297,231 166 -	\$ - - 145,568	\$ 1,297,231 166 145,568
Total assets	\$	1,297,397	145,568	1,442,965
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	185,543 2,482	- -	185,543 2,482
Total liabilities		188,025		188,025
Fund balances Unassigned		1,109,372	(1,109,372)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	1,297,397		
Net position Investment in capital assets Unrestricted			145,568 1,109,372	145,568 1,109,372
Total net position			\$ 1,254,940	\$ 1,254,940

# TAX INCREMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Parameter 1	General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
Revenues Taxes	\$ 348.825	\$ -	\$ 348.825
Grants and contributions	\$ 348,825 903,866	Ф -	\$ 348,825 903,866
	1,872	-	1,872
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		-	
Miscellarieous	14,365		14,365
Total revenues	1,268,928		1,268,928
Expenditures/expenses Current			
General government	61,178	-	61,178
Public works	981,403	-	981,403
Other	500,000		500,000
Total expenditures/expenses	1,542,581	<del>-</del>	1,542,581
Net changes in fund balances	(273,653)	273,653	
Change in net position		(273,653)	(273,653)
Fund balances/net position, beginning of year	1,383,025		1,528,593
Fund balances/net position, end of year	\$ 1,109,372		\$ 1,254,940

# LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### JUNE 30, 2021

Assets	(	General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	82,702 18 -	\$ - - 534,857	\$ 82,702 18 534,857
Total assets	\$	82,720	534,857	617,577
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	60 703	-	60
Total liabilities		763		703 763
Fund balances Unassigned		81,957	(81,957)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	82,720		
Net position Investment in capital assets Unrestricted			534,857 81,957	534,857 81,957
Total net position			\$ 616,814	\$ 616,814

# LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	G	General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
Revenues	•	400 707	•	<b>.</b>
Taxes	\$	123,727	\$ -	\$ 123,727
Grants and contributions		218,146	-	218,146
Investment earnings		191		191
Total revenues		342,064	<del>_</del>	342,064
Expenditures/expenses Current				
General government		30,933	-	30,933
Public works		113,961	12,771	126,732
Other		200,060		200,060
Total expenditures/expenses		344,954	12,771	357,725
Net changes in fund balances		(2,890)	2,890	
Change in net position			(15,661)	(15,661)
Fund balances/net position, beginning of year		84,847		632,475
Fund balances/net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	81,957		\$ 616,814

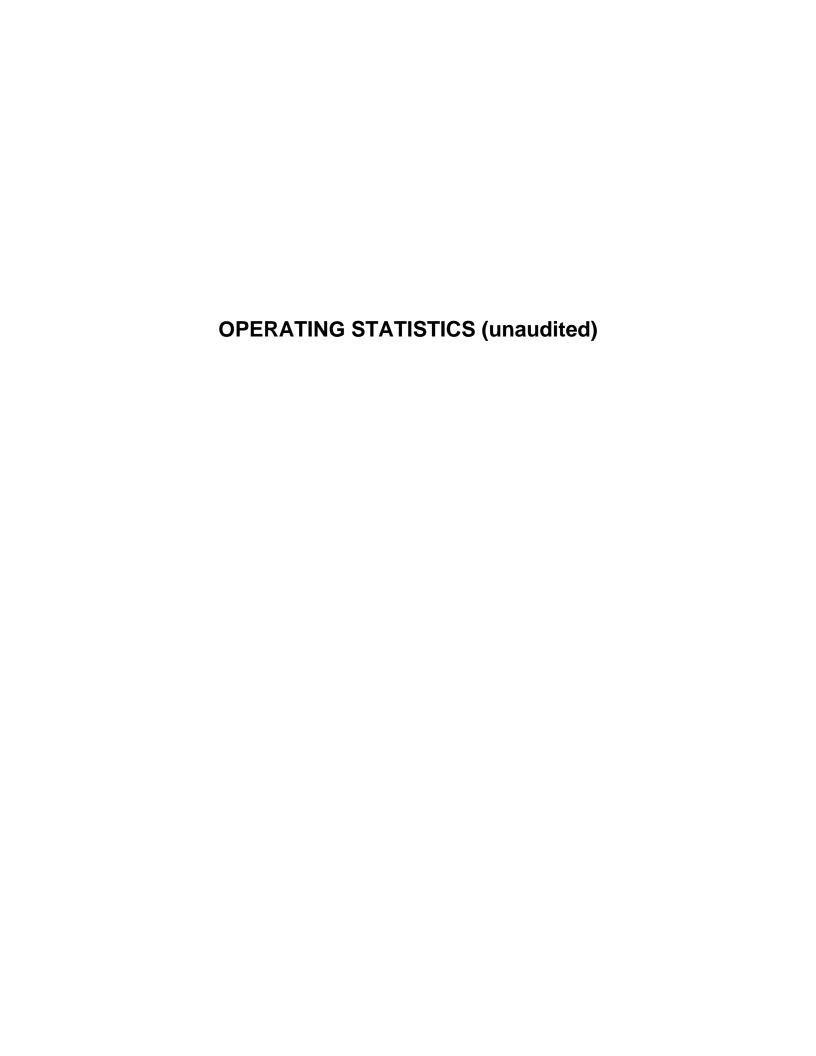
# BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### JUNE 30, 2021

Assets	C	General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adj</u> ı	ustments	tatement of t Position
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	60,212 20	\$	- -	\$ 60,212 20
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	60,232			 60,232
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accrued liabilities	\$	469	\$	-	\$ 469
Fund balances Unassigned		59,763		(59,763)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	60,232			
Net position Unrestricted			\$	59,763	\$ 59,763

# BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Revenues	General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
	Φ 004.400	Φ.	Φ 004.400
Taxes	\$ 334,488	\$ -	\$ 334,488
Investment earnings	255		255
Total revenues	334,743	<del>_</del>	334,743
Expenditures/expenses Current			
General government	27,480	-	27,480
Public works	300,392	_	300,392
. dane werke			
Total expenditures/expenses	327,872	<del>-</del>	327,872
Net changes in fund balances	6,871	(6,871)	
Change in net position		6,871	6,871
Fund balances/net position, beginning of year	52,892		52,892
Fund balances/net position, end of year	\$ 59,763		\$ 59,763



(This page left intentionally blank)

# SCHEDULE OF OPERATING STATISTICS (UNAUDITED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Tax levy and millages										
Estimated population		2,706		2,706		2,706		2,706		2,706
State taxable value City total	Ф	114,578,940	Ф	109,214,254	Ф	104,246,719	Ф	104,127,141	Ф	103,248,488
Per resident	φ	42.343	φ	40,360	φ	38,524	φ	38.480	φ	38,155
Tax levy (mills)		42,040		40,000		00,024		50,400		50,155
General fund		15.7700		15.7700		15.7700		15.7700		15.7700
Tax levy - amounts										
Total levy	\$	1,560,397	\$	1,493,155	\$	1,416,769	\$	1,318,030	\$	1,301,008
Per resident		576.64		551.79		523.57		487.08		480.79
State shared revenues										
Total amount	\$	811,092	\$	733,453	\$	797,481	\$	760,431	\$	1,082,370
Per resident		299.74		271.05		294.71		281.02		399.99
Federal shared revenues										
Total amount	\$	12,000	\$	19,096	\$	2,192	\$	4,621	\$	4,409
Per resident		4.43		7.06		0.81		1.71		1.63
Total revenue and other financing sources - 0	Gene	eral fund								
Amount	\$	2,448,142	\$	2,408,021	\$	2,225,050	\$	2,226,911	\$	1,981,365
Per resident		904.71		889.88		822.27		822.95		732.21
Total expenditures and transfers - General fu	nd									
Amount	\$	2,454,130	\$	2,437,660	\$	2,378,568	\$	2,106,746	\$	2,014,838
Per resident		906.92		900.84		879.00		778.55		744.58

Current real and personal property taxes assessed and collected for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

					Percent	
Levy	Collected			elinquent	Collected	
15.7700	\$	1,782,404	\$	21,690	98.8%	
20.2975		1,787,870		48,284	97.4%	
6.5948		744,780		10,347	98.6%	
0.9297		103,942		2,603	97.6%	
3.0904		343,880		8,653	97.5%	
0.2999		33,515		839	97.6%	
	15.7700 20.2975 6.5948 0.9297 3.0904	15.7700 \$ 20.2975 6.5948 0.9297 3.0904	15.7700 \$ 1,782,404 20.2975 1,787,870 6.5948 744,780 0.9297 103,942 3.0904 343,880	15.7700 \$ 1,782,404 \$ 20.2975 1,787,870 6.5948 744,780 0.9297 103,942 3.0904 343,880	15.7700       \$ 1,782,404       \$ 21,690         20.2975       1,787,870       48,284         6.5948       744,780       10,347         0.9297       103,942       2,603         3.0904       343,880       8,653	Levy         Collected         Delinquent         Collected           15.7700         \$ 1,782,404         \$ 21,690         98.8%           20.2975         1,787,870         48,284         97.4%           6.5948         744,780         10,347         98.6%           0.9297         103,942         2,603         97.6%           3.0904         343,880         8,653         97.5%

2016	2015	2014	2013		2012
2,706	2,706	2,706		2,706	2,706
\$ 133,489,659 49,331	\$ 130,863,654 48,361	\$ 128,468,094 47,475	\$	126,504,623 46,750	\$ 129,940,500 48,019
15.7700	12.7760	12.7760		12.7760	12.7760
\$ 2,102,323 776.91	\$ 2,061,801 761.94	\$ 1,641,352 606.56	\$	1,616,274 597.29	\$ 1,573,939 581.65
\$ 585,757 216.47	\$ 573,672 212.00	\$ 658,367 243.30	\$	557,865 206.16	\$ 576,109 212.90
\$ 6,659 2.46	\$ 5,398 1.99	\$ 2,654 0.98	\$	1,102 0.41	\$ 4,775 1.76
\$ 2,257,036 834.09	\$ 2,260,370 835.32	\$ 1,769,627 653.96	\$	1,768,481 653.54	\$ 1,917,114 708.47
\$ 2,105,455 778.07	\$ 2,112,599 780.71	\$ 1,745,018 644.87	\$	1,828,463 675.71	\$ 1,931,644 713.84

### COMPARATIVE OPERATING STATISTICS WATER & SEWER SYSTEM (UNAUDITED)

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Population served		2,706	2,706	2,706	2,706	2,706
Average number of meters in service		1,587	1,551	1,541	1,506	1,504
M. gallons pumped to main		302,640	337,869	317,822	309,904	306,892
M. gallons sold		283,630	298,351	291,012	299,669	302,269
M. gallons water line loss		19,010	39,518	26,810	10,235	4,623
Loss percent to total pumpage		6.3%	11.7%	8.4%	3.3%	1.5%
Revenues from services: Water Sewer	\$ \$	- , -	\$ 686,281 1,242,917	\$ 636,314 \$ 1,207,998 \$	639,822 \$ 1,145,107 \$	586,612 1,069,016
Average number of customers		1,568	1,557	1,530	1,431	1,481

	2016		2015		2014		2013	2012
	2,706		2,706		2,706		2,706	2,706
	1,493		1,482		1,479		1,471	1,470
	303,469		301,334		327,381		322,779	313,655
	282,211		289,945		301,729		292,718	279,212
	21,258		14,389		25,652		30,061	39,443
	7.0%		4.8%		7.8%		9.3%	12.6%
Φ.	450 470	Φ.	500,000	Φ	007.050	Φ.	044 000	ф <u>год г</u> го
\$ \$	150,473 586,612	\$ \$	563,236 953,357	\$ \$	627,652 900,637	\$ \$		\$ 584,579 \$ 746,291
	1,304		1,293		1,291		1,283	1,281